



DEFENSE COMMUNICATIONS AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20305

[802a] "Pacific Theater"

note: operation previously  
map → PACOM limit.  
(denied elsewhere  
under FOIA request)

25 September 1984

DCA CIRCULAR 640-45-5\*

ORGANIZATION

Defense Communications Agency,  
Pacific Area

1. Purpose. This Circular assigns the mission and responsibility of the Defense Communications Agency, Pacific Area (DCA-PAC), including functions related to the National Communications System (NCS), and delegates required authority to its Commander.
2. Applicability. This Circular applies to Headquarters; DCA; DCA field activities; and Office of the Manager, NCS; and is furnished for information to other activities.
3. Reference. DoD Directive 5105.19, Defense Communications Agency (DCA), 10 August 1978, as amended.
4. Command.
  - a. The Defense Communications Agency, Pacific Area, is a field activity of the DCA and a subordinate element of the Defense Communications System Organization (DCSO), under the command of the Director, DCA. It is commanded by the Commander, DCA-PAC, who reports to the Director, DCSO. In the event of a major emergency in the DCA-PAC area of responsibility, which necessitates the use of all available forces, the Commander-in-Chief, Pacific (CINCPAC) will assume temporary operational control of DCA-PAC and its assigned geographical area.
  - b. The Commander, DCA-PAC, exercises command authority over the DCA regions and field offices and operational direction over the Regional Communications Operations Centers (RCOC's) within the assigned geographical area.
5. Mission. The mission of DCA-PAC is to exercise operational direction and management control of the Defense Communications System (DCS) within the assigned geographical area in order to support USCINCPAC in the execution of DCA-PAC assigned mission and to meet DoD telecommunications requirements. DCA-PAC assumes, on order, and executes additional missions related to the non-DCS functions of the DCA. Operational guidance and instructions relative to assigned NCS functions are provided by either the Director, DCSO, or the Commander, National Communications System/Defense Communications Agency Operations Center (NCS/DCAOC), as appropriate.

DCS.

\*This Circular cancels DCAC 640-45-5, 7 August 1974

OPR: 640

DISTRIBUTION: A, B, J through Q; Special

6. Responsibility. The Commander, DCA-PAC, will:

a. Obtain and maintain information on NCS circuitry within the assigned geographical area of responsibility, including the status thereof, as directed. Provide a 24-hour point of contact for NCS operating and using agencies to afford guidance and assistance on operational and related procedural matters, upon request. Support, as required, NCS plans that apply to the assigned geographical area.

b. Develop and contribute to or review plans for improvement, modification, and modernization of the DCS to include consideration of technical objectives, adequacy and compatibility with existing or planned DCS, and interconnectivity with other nation communications systems; e.g., Asian-Pacific allies and North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO). Monitor and coordinate execution of approved plans, programs and projects, as directed.

c. Plan, direct, and manage the systems which provide end-to-end, common user, and dedicated telecommunications service for U.S. forces throughout the Pacific Theater. Accomplish such planning, direction, and management in coordination with the appropriate military departments and other DoD agencies within the Pacific Theater. Systems include Defense Data Network (DDN), Defense Switched Network (DSN), and related voice and data systems.

*Pacific Theater.*

d. Provide technical assistance and direction to transmission media facilities and users in the application of engineering, technical, and operational standards. Monitor and analyze data pertaining to outages, performance monitoring, technical evaluations, and performance evaluation on links, trunks, channels, and circuits under Commander, DCA-PAC, cognizance to identify operational performance trends and to determine the need for and provide technical justification for reconfiguration, modification, upgrade, or replacement of existing resources for improving the effectiveness of the DCS. Conduct onsite performance evaluation and technical assistance staff visits of DCS facilities in coordination with lateral Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Headquarters. Participate in the testing of newly installed or modified transmission media facilities to the extent necessary to determine acceptability, formally commission these facilities into the DCS, and direct the activation of service.

e. Perform trunk, circuit, and transmission configuration, including trunk and circuit layout, as appropriate, for Government owned and leased commercial facilities. Review system configuration of the DCS to provide technical advice to DCS users and O&M agencies, as required, for maximum economical use of the DCS.

f. Operate an Area Communications Operations Center (ACOC) and provide operational direction over all DCS technical control facilities and traffic handling elements functioning as a part of the Pacific DCS. Report operational status, traffic conditions, and problem areas of the operating DCS to users, operating elements of the DCS, and the Director, DCSSO. This Center may also serve as an emergency alternate for other communications operations centers.

*ACOC*

g. Assist unified and specified commanders and, as appropriate, their component forces and other authorized DCS users in the preparation of DCS supporting plans, identification, and processing of DCS communications requirements pertaining thereto, and participation, as appropriate, in tests and exercises involving the DCS. Develop and publish, as appropriate, Intra-area Service Restoration and Facility Reconstitution Plans.

h. Manage and operate the DCA-PAC Automated Data Processing (ADP) facility in support of worldwide real-time communications management system and the worldwide online system (WWOLS). Provide technical assistance and direct support to users and potential users in the development of automated programs that support the data base for the Defense Communications Agency Operations Control Complex (DOCC).

i. Subject to the overriding authority of the USCINCPAC, coordinate the day-to-day utilization of assigned frequencies within assignment limitations to provide optimum efficiency of the DCS. X 9.

j. In performing assigned mission, represent the Director, DCA, within the assigned area and maintain liaison with DCS users, operators, and commercial carriers.

k. Prepare and submit to the Director, DCSO, budget estimates and operating budgets for personnel, maintenance, and operation of the Pacific area.

l. Participate in the development and evaluation of manpower requirements, as directed.

m. Maintain the current Pacific DCS circuit and trunk data basis to provide specific engineering, operational, and management data on capabilities of the DCS.

7. Delegated Authority. In addition to the general authority implicit in DCA-PAC assigned responsibilities, the Commander, DCA-PAC, is specifically authorized to:

a. Communicate directly with commanders of unified and component commands and subordinate elements thereof, and other agencies served by the DCS in the assigned area; have free and unrestricted access to DCS facilities; obtain such plans, reports, and information as needed to accomplish the mission; provide DCA instructions pertaining to engineering, installation, operation, and maintenance of the DCS; and coordinate on matters of mutual concern.

b. Enter into support and service agreements with the military departments, DoD agencies, or other agencies, as required, for the performance of assigned functions.

c. Direct the operating elements of the DCS, assign tasks to these elements, prescribe the manner in which tasks will be performed, and supervise the execution of those tasks.

d. Make temporary changes to the organization and personnel assignments, concurrently advising the Director, DCSO. Permanent changes require approval of the Director, DCSO.

e. Implement necessary security regulations for the protection of property and places under his jurisdiction.

f. Appoint personnel to sensitive positions upon receipt of security clearance from the Director, DCA.

g. Maintain an appropriate publications system.

h. Classify defense information in accordance with current instructions.

i. Identify and maintain records in accordance with current instructions.


j. Authorize and approve:

(1) Travel for DCA-PAC civilian personnel in accordance with Joint Travel Regulations, Volume II.

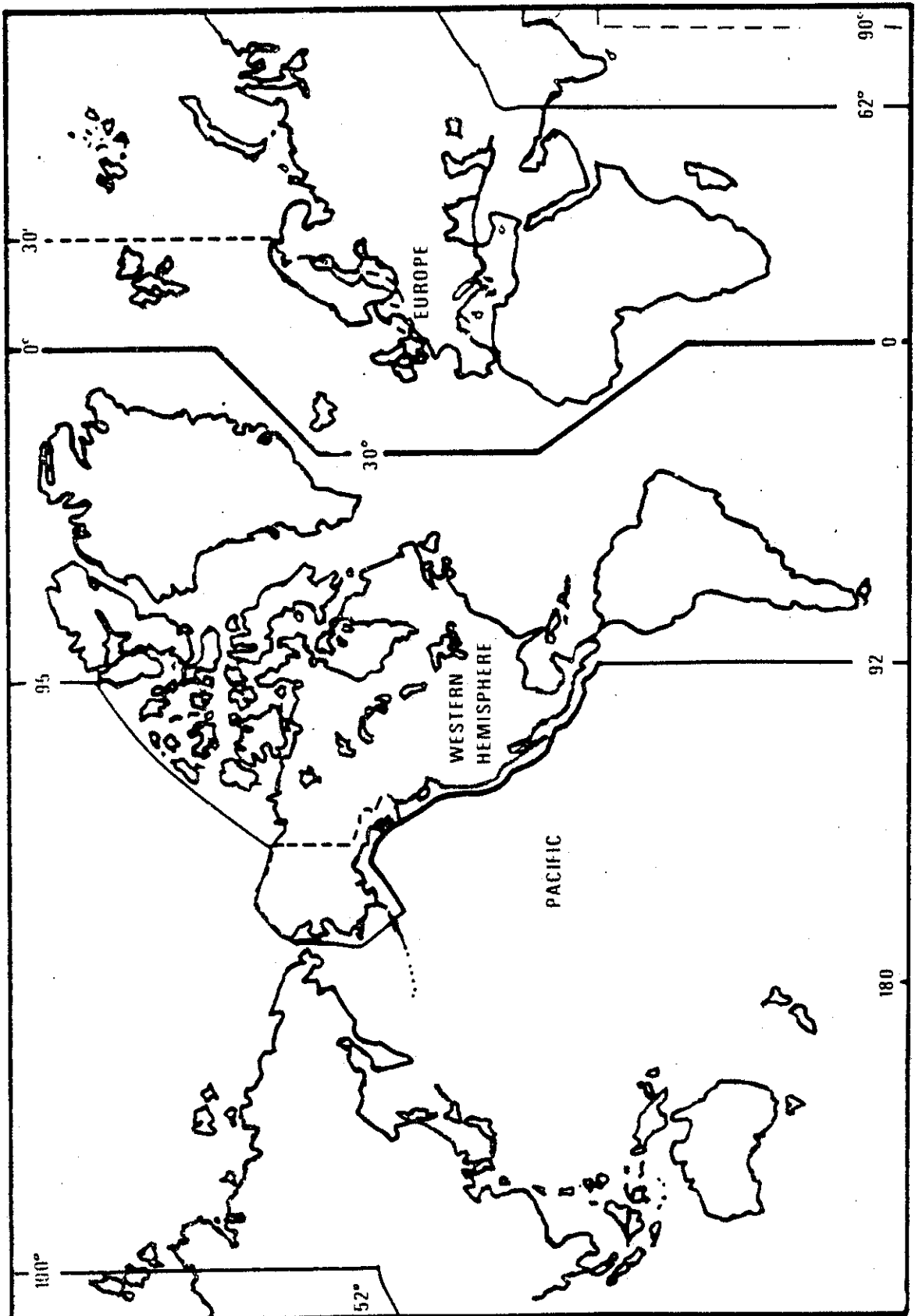
(2) Temporary duty travel only for military personnel assigned or detailed to DCA-PAC in accordance with Joint Travel Regulations, Volume I, for the Uniformed Services.

FOR THE DIRECTOR, DCA, AND MANAGER, NCS:

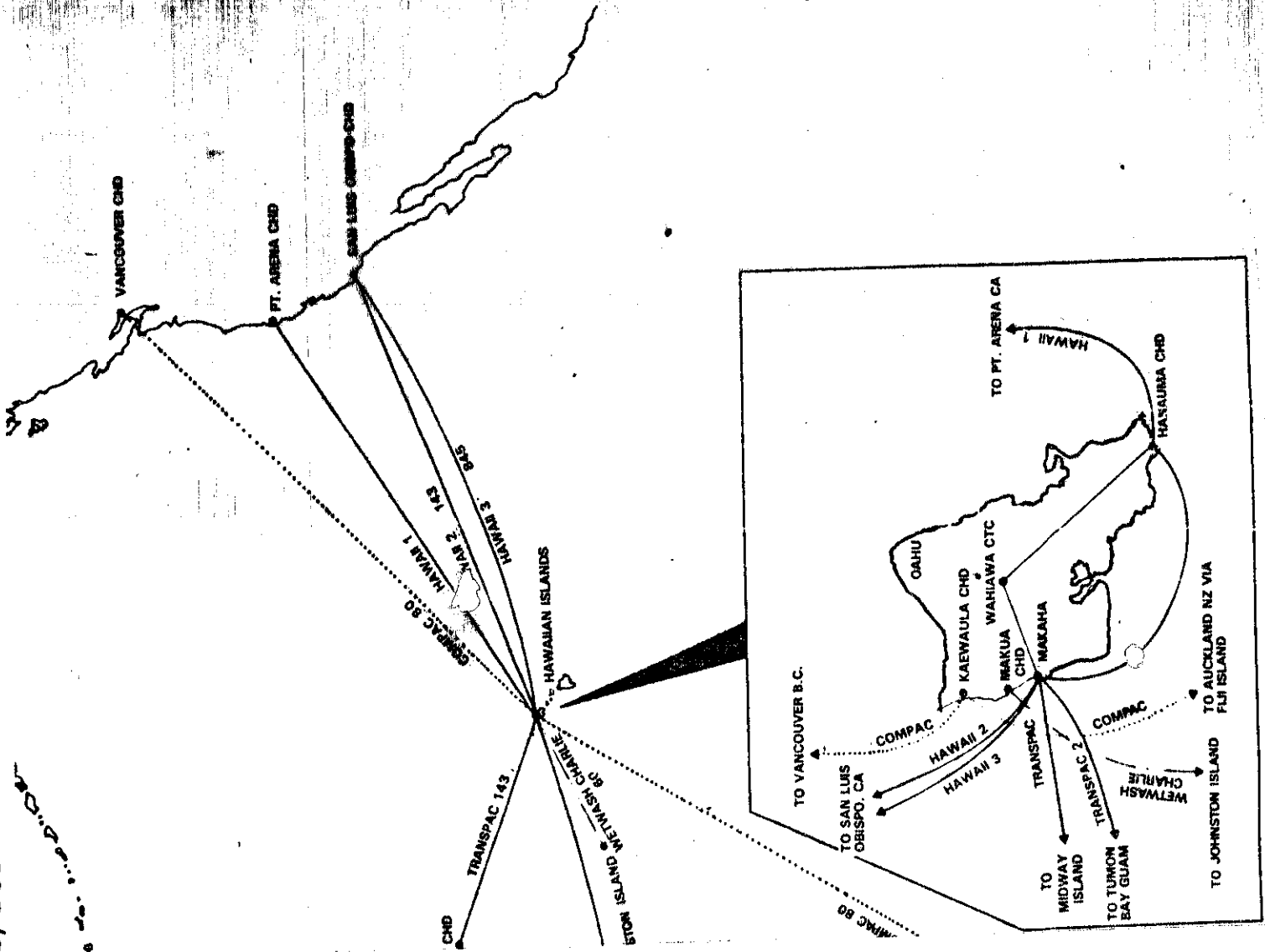
1 Enclosure :  
Areas of Responsibility  
Defense Communications Agency  
Area Organizations

  
KENNETH H. CAMPBELL  
Colonel, USA  
Chief of Staff

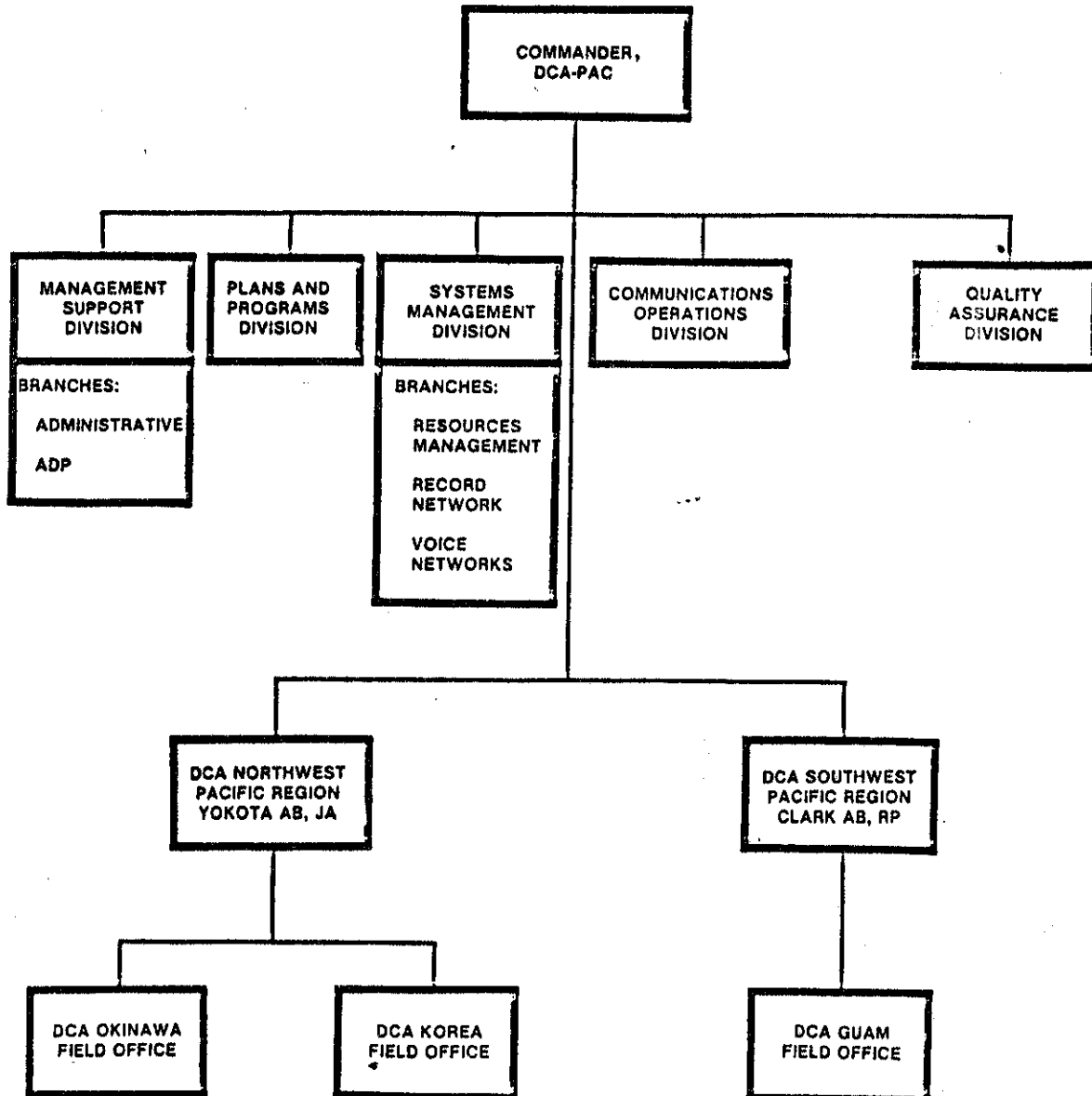
AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY  
DEFENSE COMMUNICATIONS AGENCY AREA ORGANIZATIONS



by DCS



# DEFENSE COMMUNICATIONS AGENCY PACIFIC AREA (DCA-PAC)



## SECTION E. COMMANDER, DCA PACIFIC

Mission: Exercises operational direction and management control of the Defense Communications System (DCS) within the assigned geographical area, to support CINCPAC in the execution of his assigned mission and to meet DoD telecommunications requirements. Assumes, on order, and executes additional missions related to the non-DCS functions of the DCA. Operational guidance and instructions relative to the assigned NCS functions are provided by either the Director, DCA, or the Commander, National Communications System/DCA Operations Center (NCS/DCAOC), as appropriate.

## Functions:

- a. Represents the Director, DCA, within assigned geographical areas of responsibility and maintains technical liaison with Headquarters, DCA, CINCPAC, component commanders, other military, and commercial agencies.
- b. Manages and directs the DCS within assigned areas of responsibility.
- c. Advises the Director, DCA, on matters materially affecting the configuration and operation of the DCS.
- d. Directs operations of the Area Communications Operations Center (ACOC) and Regional Communications Operations Centers (RCOC's) in assigned geographical areas.
- e. Performs tasks in support of the NCS and the Worldwide Military Command and Control System (WWMCCS) as assigned by the Director, DCA.
- f. Negotiates host-tenant agreements and amendments thereto.

## MANAGEMENT SUPPORT DIVISION

Mission: Provides personnel management, administrative services, logistics, and automatic data processing support to the Commands.

## Functions:

- a. Advises the Commander, DCA-PAC, on civilian and military personnel management and administrative service programs.
- b. Advises and assists the Commander in the formulation, execution, and evaluation of personnel and administrative plans, policies, and programs for DCA-PAC.
- c. Ensures that the Commander's personnel and administrative policies are administered equitably and are consistent with prescribed directives of such authorities as the Office of the Secretary of Defense, Office of Personnel Management, and the individual military Services.



- d. Formulates, develops, establishes, and implements the DCA-PAC Logistics Support Program in the areas of supply and services, graphics, word processing, and travel services.
- e. Provides military personnel services through appropriate military liaisons.
- f. Coordinates, assists, and provides staff supervision over inter-Service and other support agreements.
- g. Provides financial and accounting advice to all elements of DCA-PAC and field activities.
- h. Exercises control of appropriated funds for DCA-PAC in accordance with approved programs, applicable directives, and law.
- i. Develops and implements ADP policies and procedures pertaining to the DCA Five-Year ADP Program and the DCA Ten-Year ADP Plan; and reviews individual ADP plans, programs, and budgets to ensure conformity with agency missions, goals, and objectives.
- j. Manages the DCA-PAC computer installation in support of management control and operational direction of the Pacific DCS.
- k. Operates a computer complex to support operational direction, circuit allocation and engineering, DOCC reporting, statistical information, and associated data bases.
- l. Assists users or potential users in development of automated management reports and/or systems.
- m. Monitors Worldwide On-Line System (WWOLS) and takes action to correct deficiencies.

#### PLANS AND PROGRAMS DIVISION

Mission: Plans improvements to and manages programs for DCS terrestrial transmission systems. Supports communications planning efforts of the unified command, and acts as the DCA-PAC focal point for other planning as assigned.

#### Functions:

- a. Prepares or reviews plans and studies that extend, improve, change, phase down, or impact Pacific DCS terrestrial systems and other systems as assigned.
- b. Provides project management, management assistance, and technical assistance for Pacific terrestrial transmission projects and other projects as assigned.

c. Prepares and coordinates the Pacific input to the DCS Five-Year Program (FYP).

d. Assists CINCPAC and subordinate commands in the preparation of Joint Multichannel Trunking and Switching System Plans and Operational Plan/Contingency Plan C-E annexes.

e. Prepares documentation to ensure the readiness of DCA-PAC to support CINCPAC Operational Plans or other contingency plans. >

f. Prepares or reviews DCS transmission contingency plans such as transmission reconstitution, high-frequency entry, and ground mobile force entry plans. >

g. Coordinates scheduling of Pacific Command DCS entry exercises.

h. Plans and coordinates DCA-PAC participation in JCS/CINCPAC exercises involving the Pacific DCS.

i. Assists CINCPAC and subordinate commands in the compilation of future DCS transmission requirements.

j. Reviews and coordinates with CINCPAC all major telecommunications requirement submissions impacting the DCS.

k. Reviews the JCS area communications-electronics capabilities.

l. Coordinates on the disposition of excess DCS terrestrial transmission equipment.

m. Prepares, manages, and presents the DCA-PAC command briefing.

n. Acts as DCA-PAC focal point and coordinator for General Accounting Office and Defense Accounting Office audits.

o. Acts as DCA-PAC focal point for system integration plans and studies such as those involving transmission and switching, and terrestrial and satellite transmission.

p. Assists in preparing plans for continuity of operations and direction for DCA-PAC.

q. Assists in developing and evaluating DCA-PAC Battle Staff procedures. Provides manning for assigned Battle Staff Billets.

r. Prepares the Pacific Planning Brochure annually for distribution.

## SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT DIVISION

Mission: Ensures that the DCS voice, data, secure, and nonsecure networks in the Pacific operate efficiently, economically, and meet user requirements.

## 2. Functions:

- a. Manages, allocates, and engineers DCS circuit resources within the Pacific area.
- b. Provides engineering, technical advice and assistance, as required, to DCS users, O&M agencies, and allied governments interfacing with the DCS.
- c. Designs, engineers, and directs the implementation of validated DCS circuits.
- d. Manages and provides technical direction of switched networks.
- e. Manages the implementation of Management Engineering Plans (MEP's) and develops and implements Implementation and Installation Plans (IIP's) for switched networks and some leased DCS systems.
- f. Manages the Pacific DCS switched network, circuit, and trunk data bases and issues various management tools and products.
- g. Hosts and/or participates in seminars, demonstrations, and testing of new services offered to users of the DCS.
- h. Recommends improvements to enhance overall performance of the Pacific DCS networks.
- i. Participates in the performance evaluations of the Pacific AUTODIN Area Switching Centers.

## COMMUNICATIONS OPERATIONS DIVISION

Mission: Exercises operational direction of the DCS within the Pacific area and management control of the Defense Satellite Communications System (DSCS) Eastern Pacific and Western Pacific networks; operates the Area Communications Operations Center (ACOC); develops and directs implementation of restoral plans; and maintains and reports operational status of the Pacific DCS.

## Functions:

- a. Operates the Area Communications Operations Center (ACOC) through which operational direction is exercised over facilities of the DCS within the geographical area assigned.

ETW Pac.  
DCS  
Sat

b. Develops or reviews plans and studies which extend, improve, phase down, or otherwise modify the Eastern Pacific or Western Pacific DSCS networks. Functions as DSCS Program Manager for all such matters involving PACOM DCS facilities.

c. Reports operational status, traffic conditions, and problem areas affecting the Pacific DCS to the Commander-in-Chief Pacific (CINCPAC), users, operating elements of the DCS, the Commander, DCA-PAC, and Director, DCA.

d. Monitors the DCA Operations Control Complex (DOCC) reporting system within the Pacific DCS in order to ensure complete and timely reports.

e. Continuously monitors and reports the operational status, traffic conditions, and problem areas affecting the Pacific DCS using the DOCC reporting system and other sources of information.

f. Manages the communications control activities of the DCA Regional Communications Operations Centers (RCOC's), Facility Control Offices, assigned technical control facilities, and traffic-handling elements to preserve or restore the integrity of the Pacific DCS.

g. Develops and/or reviews communications service restoral plans for the Pacific DCS and specified dedicated networks.

h. Reviews Pacific DCS daily operational reports for operating deficiencies, initiates corrective actions, and recommends long-term solutions.

i. Coordinates technical training programs for ACOC and RCOC operating personnel to enhance the operations and control of the Pacific DCS.

j. Functions as DCA-PAC focal point for development of Battle Staff plans and procedures.

k. Develops and maintains plans to provide continuity of operations and direction for DCA-PAC.

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE DIVISION

Mission: Ensures the optimum operational effectiveness and readiness of the DCS for the rapid execution of command and control by monitoring and evaluating system performance.

#### Functions:

a. Manages and implements the Pacific DCS Quality Assurance (QA) Program, including technical evaluation, performance monitoring, and performance evaluation of DCS transmission media, DCS Switched Networks, and grounding, power, and environmental control subsystems.

b. Manages the DCS Performance Information System. Collects, analyzes, and disseminates performance data on the Pacific DCS. Identifies substandard performance or service. Monitors and recommends corrective action in conjunction with cognizant divisions.

c. Manages the DCCC reporting system within the Pacific. Provides the direction necessary to ensure receipt of valid and usable DCS performance data.

d. Monitors the DCA-controlled "Reporting of DCS Facility and Link Data" Program.

e. Manages the "Identification of the Components of the Defense Communications System" Program.

f. Manages the Technical Evaluation Program (TEP) for Pacific DCS facilities, including grounding, power, and environmental control subsystems, and coordinates schedules with Pacific area military department communications activities.

g. Manages the Performance Monitoring Program (PMP) for Pacific DCS facilities.

h. Manages and implements the Performance Evaluation Program (PEP) for Pacific DCS facilities. Ensures standardization of QA evaluation criteria, performance standards, and procedures within the Pacific DCS.

i. Manages the Pacific DCS TCF and Facility Control Office (FCO) Programs.

j. Manages the Commissioning and Test and Acceptance (T&A) Programs for Pacific DCS facilities, Technical Control Facilities, and power and environmental control subsystems. Reviews and coordinates MEP's, Communications Engineering Implementation Plans, as well as other documents and plans, as pertain to T&A. Participates in the testing of new and upgraded facilities to determine their acceptability for commissioning into the DCS, and initiates cutover actions after effecting formal acceptance.

k. Manages the Pacific DCS QA Training and Certification Program.

l. Responds to Pacific DCS user complaints of substandard service. Evaluates DCS performance to identify problems and recommend corrective actions. When problems have been isolated to the user facility, advises the appropriate system or network manager for further coordination and problem resolution.

m. Coordinates the establishment of Pacific DCS management thresholds and performance objectives. Provides policy guidance to Pacific area DCS managers on the application of management thresholds and standards.

- n. Provides technical assistance to resolve highly complex transmission media and switched network problems.
- o. Provides engineering support to the Satellite Communications Program.
- p. Manages the grounding, power, and environmental control subsystem improvement programs in the Pacific.
- q. Manages the power exercise program in the Pacific. Conducts traffic engineering and analysis of AUTODIN subscriber access lines and terminals, and initiates and monitors corrective actions.

EXHIBIT C-1  
(U) AUTODIN Connectivity and Capacity

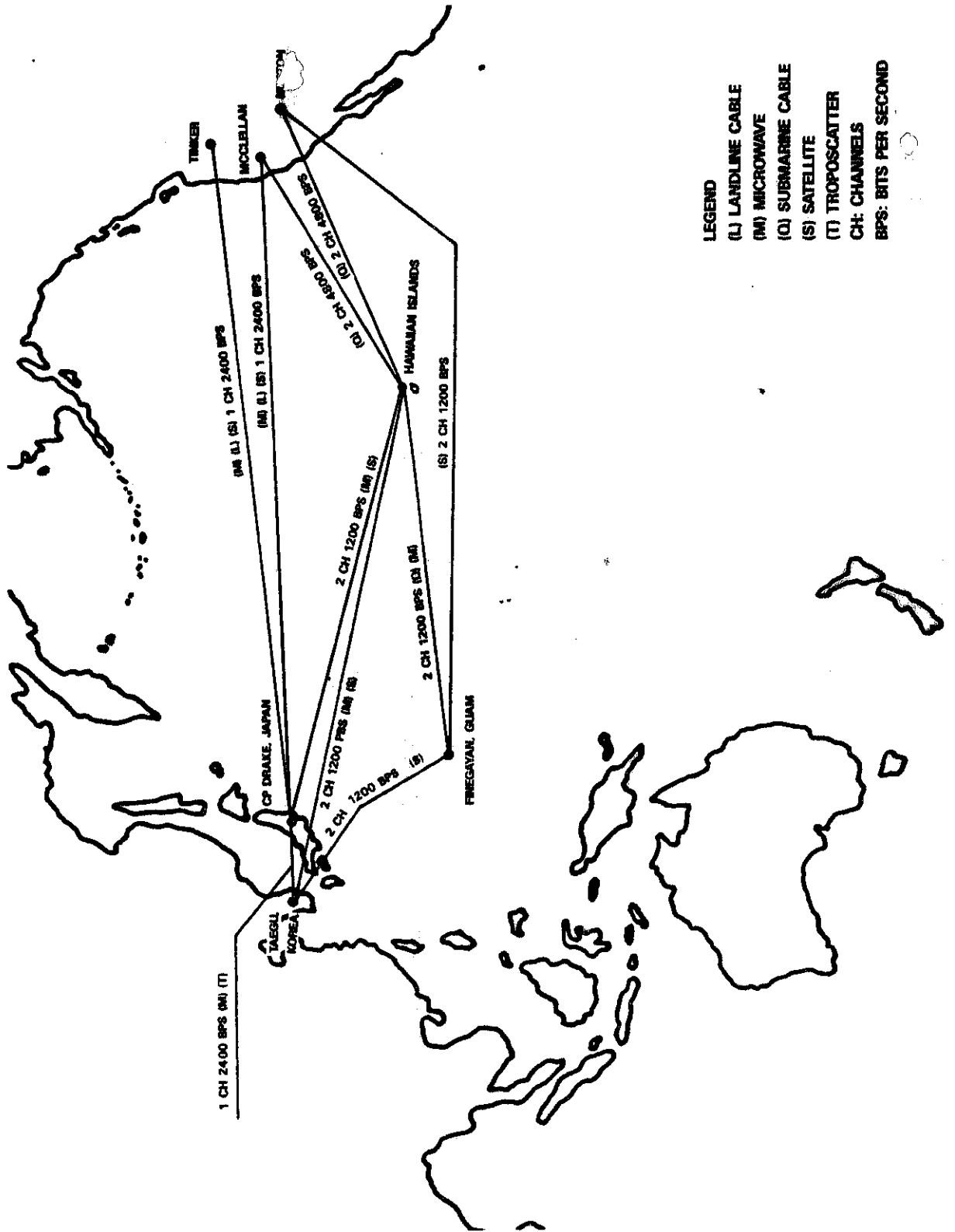
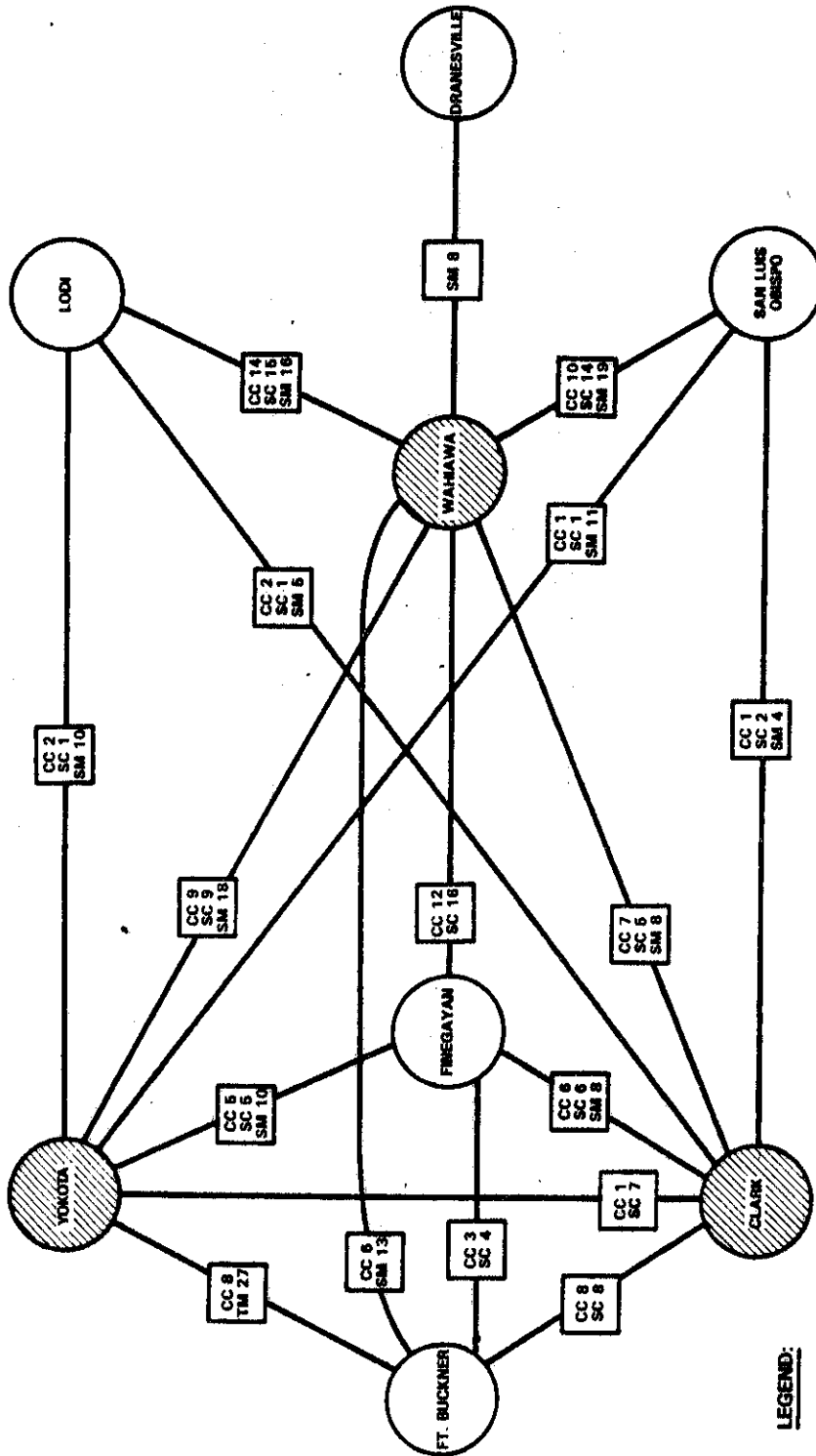


EXHIBIT C-2  
(U) AUTOVON Connectivity and Transmission Media

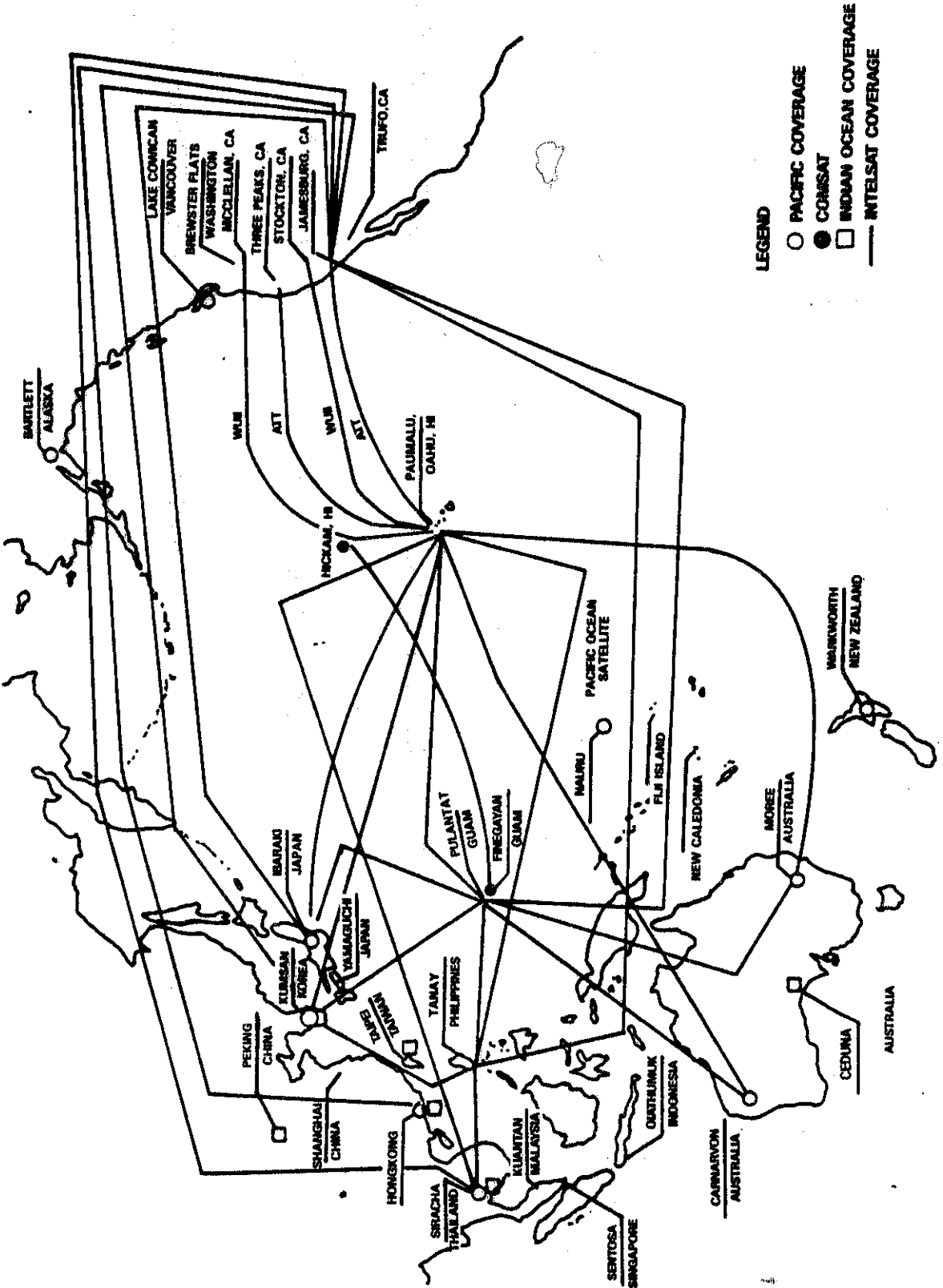


- LEGEND:**
- ISTB TRANSMISSION MEDIA & QUANTITY
  - ▨ SWITCHING CENTER WITH TG TO CONUS
  - SWITCHING CENTER
  - CC COMMERCIAL CABLE
  - SC COMMERCIAL SATELLITE
  - SM MILITARY SATELLITE DSCS
  - TM MILITARY TROPOSPHERIC SCATTER



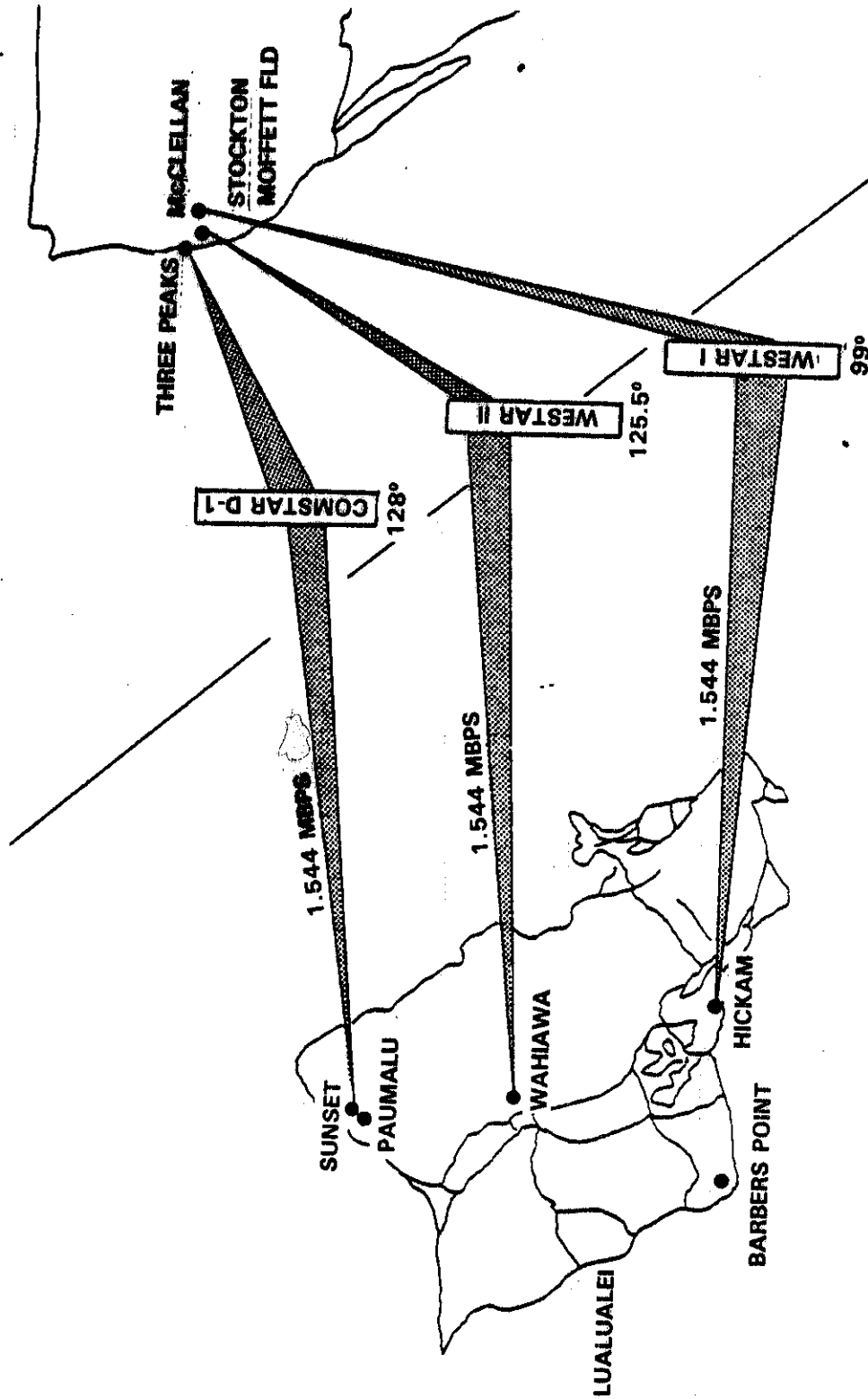


EXHIBIT C-5  
(U) INTELSAT Earth Station Connectivity



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EXHIBIT C-6  
(U) DOMSAT Connectivity Between Hawaii and CONUS



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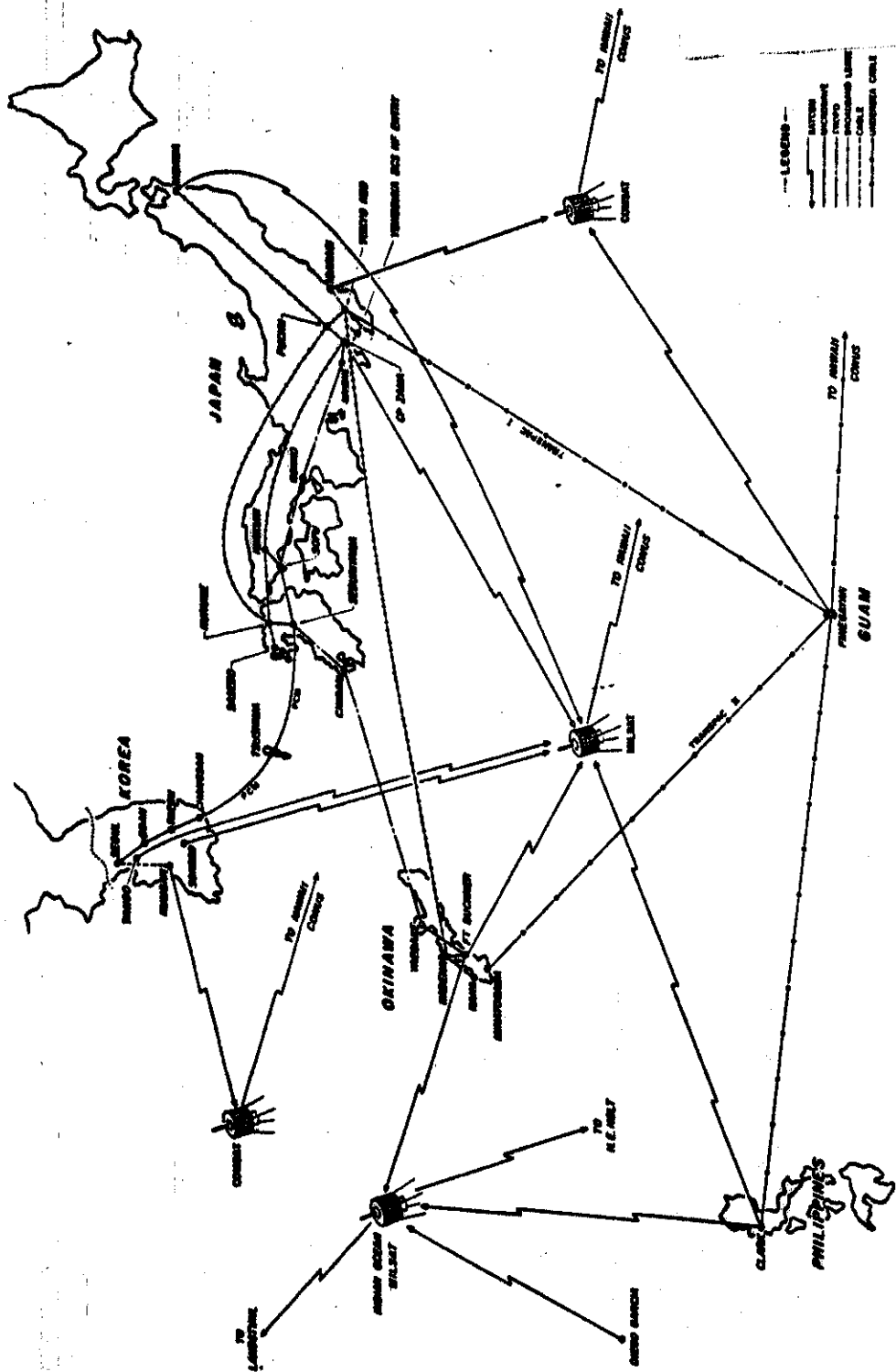


FIGURE 3  
EXISTING INTER-AREA TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

HISTORY AND DEVELOPMENT OF DCA-PAC

DCA-PAC was formed coincidentally with DCA-EUR approximately one year following the inception of HQS DCA in 1960. DCA-PAC was initially staffed by the several military departments with augmentation from contract personnel. This organization was originally housed on the third floor of Kunia Tunnel. Expansion of requirements and number of personnel caused several location shifts between Kunia and Wheeler AFB with final and current stop being the occupation of all of building 107 at WAFB. Bldg 107 was completely occupied in July 1976. Within the first year of existence a field office, DCA Far East, was established at Camp Drake, Japan. This was the forerunner of the current DCA-Northwest Pacific (NWP). DCA-Southeast Asia (now DCA-SWP) was formed soon thereafter in the Philippine Islands. DCA-Southeast Asia Mainland (Vietnam) and DCA-Thailand became operational during the Vietnam Conflict with disestablishment following that war. Field activities are currently located in Okinawa, Japan, Guam, Philipines and the Republic of Korea. HQS DCA-PAC organization and staffing has remained relatively constant after it peaked during the Vietnam Conflict with staffing and internal adjustments being made to accomodate technological and mission changes assigned by HQS DCA.

1960.

Kunia →  
Wheeler.

DCA FE.  
→ NWP.

DCA - SEA.  
Ph  
Th.

OTC J G K.

HISTORY OF DCA-MWP

DCA-Far East (DCA-FE) was established under the jurisdictional parameters established in Secretary of Defense Memorandum, "Plan and Justification for the Completion of the Defense Communications Agency Required to Control the Defense Communications System," dated 30 April 1962, and the Defense Communications Agency letter, "Defense Regional Communications Control Center Far East (DRCCC-FE)," dated 2 August 1962. The guidelines were for the DCA field activity in the Far East to be located near the senior military headquarters in the area.

DCA-FE  
1962

.1

On 26 November 1962, DCA-Far East was activated at the Army's Camp Drake DCS relay station with 7 officers, 10 enlisted men and 4 civilians, subject to the authority and direction of DCA-Pacific (DCA-PAC).

Camp  
Drake.

DCA-Far East was responsible for the management of the Defense Communications System (DCS) in Japan and Korea, and the U.S. Army was the overall manager in Japan for planning, programming, installation and operation of fixed communications facilities.

J/K.

In July 1964, the Air Force replaced the Army as the operating and maintenance agency for DCS communications in Japan. At the same time, the Army was given responsibility for DCS communications on Okinawa.

Army →  
AF → J  
+ OK

In April 1965, DCA management responsibilities for Okinawa were shifted from DCA-Southeast Asia (DCA-SEA) to DCA-FE, and in March 1967 the management responsibility for DCS facilities in Taiwan were transferred from DCA-SEA to DCA-FE.

65, OK from  
SEA → FE:  
RSC → FE  
in A.

The DCA-FE Regional Communications Operations Center (RCOC) was established in April 1963 and expanded to 24-hour operations in February 1965 with the addition of four enlisted personnel. In 1969, the RCOC at DCA-FE was modernized and reconfigured to reflect the needs of the new DCA Operations Center Complex (DOCC) reporting procedures resulting from the DOCC worldwide reorganization.

1969.  
DOCC

In March 1968, the DCS facilities within Korea were removed from the jurisdictional responsibilities of DCA-FE and placed directly under the newly activated DCA-Korea Region. The DCS stations in Korea, however, continued to report through the DCA-FE RCOC until the DCA-Korea RCOC became operational on 15 January 1969.

1968. K.  
from DCA-FE  
to  
DCA-K.  
(1969).

In July 1970, the Director, DCA instructed the Commander, DCA-FE to seek the relocation of DCA-FE from Camp Drake to Fuchu Air Station. The requirement for relocation had been recognized for several years since the senior military headquarters (USFJ/SAF) in Japan was located at Fuchu; but the Air Force had been extremely reluctant to identify and release the necessary space.

J Drake →  
Fuchu AS  
(AF had  
worked)

On 10 August 1970, the DCA facilities within Taiwan were removed from the jurisdictional responsibility of DCA-FE and returned to the cognizance of DCA-SEA, and a three-man field office in Okinawa was established directly under the management and direction of DCA-FE.

1970, back to SEA.  
OK under FE.

On 12 July 1971, DCA-FE completed its relocation to Fuchu Air Station, and provided closer liaison between DCA-FE, U.S. Forces Japan/J6 (USFJ/J6), and the AFCS Far East Communications Region.

As a result of the Okinawa reversion on 15 May 1972, Okinawa became a prefecture of Japan. The reversion realigned the DCA-FE area of responsibility to coincide directly with the territory under the control of the Government of Japan.

DCA message 071813Z Aug 72 promulgated preliminary steps for the collocation of the DCA-FE RCOC with the 1956th Communications Group Navigational Aids Communications Management Office (NCOMO). Phase I established the DCA presence in the NCOMO and Phase II planning was being discussed when the proposed site for collocation was changed from Fuchu to the yet-to-be-built USFJ/5AF headquarters building on Yokota Air Base. Thus, the DCA presence in the NCOMO at Fuchu was terminated, 16 May 1973.

1956th Comm Group

On 25 July 1973, the name of the DCA-Far East Region was officially changed to DCA-Japan Region.

1973, DCA-FE → DCA-J.

Although the DCA RCOC was scheduled for location in the USFJ/5AF headquarters building at Yokota Air Base, the DCA staff elements were not included in the building plan. Instead, building 591, the Yokota Base Library, was selected for the DCA-Japan staff, and building modification was completed by the 475th Air Base Wing Civil Engineers. On 21 October 1974, the DCA-Japan staff relocated to Yokota Air Base with the RCOC remaining at Fuchu Air Station.

The Naval Shore Electronics Engineer Activity (NAVSEACT) began installation of the new RCOC facility on 4 October 1974. Installation and cutover of DCA critical control circuits was completed on 19 December 1974, and on 20 December 1974 the RCOC had its first official day of operation collocated with the 1956 Communications Group NCOMO.

On 26 September 1975 the DCA Okinawa Field Office moved to the Headquarters Building, Zukaran, when the U.S. Army moved to the Makimato service area and the Marines moved into Zukaran. The Marine Corps funded all renovation of the Field Office's new spaces.

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On 1 January 1977, DCA-Japan Region became DCA-Northwest Pacific Region assuming operational direction of the DCS in Korea.

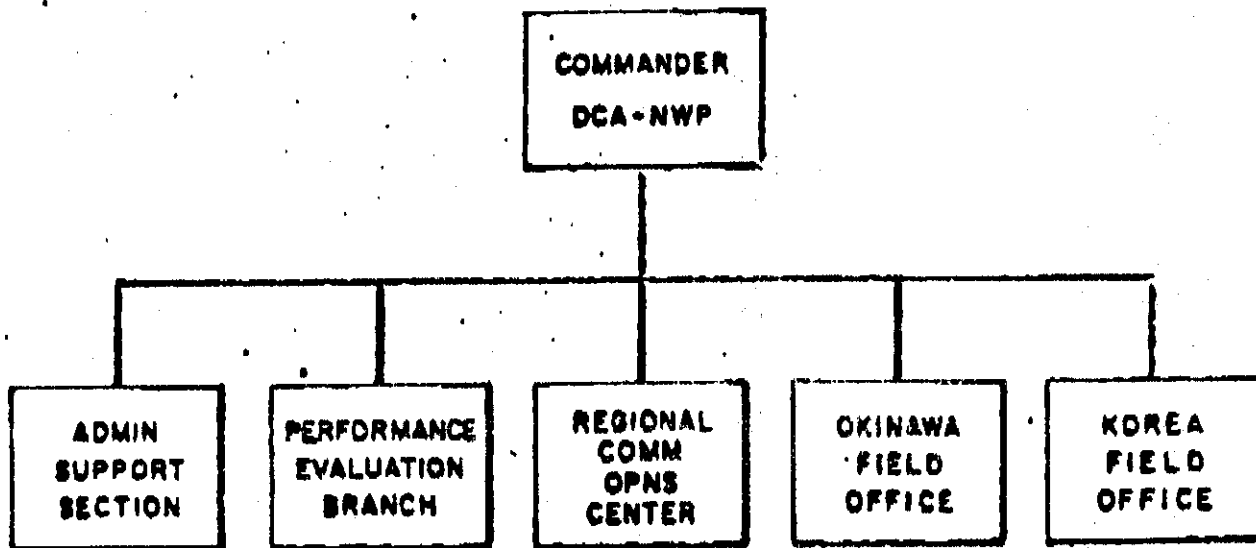
1977,  
DIA-5 → NWP.  
incl. K.

DCA-NWP is presently located on Yokota Air Base, home of the 475th Air Base Wing. The Commander, Administrative, and Performance Evaluation Branches are located in building 591, and the Regional Communications Operations Center (RCOC) is located in building 714, USFJ/SAF Headquarters.

now at  
Yokota.

Current alignment in Japan, Okinawa, and Korea has resulted in seven DCS reporting stations - Misawa, Fuchu, Camp Drake, and Camp Zama under the management of the Air Force; Yokosuka under the Navy; and Fort Buckner and Seoul under the Army.

seven  
DCS  
reporting  
stations





1. (U) The Defense Communications Agency's organizational presence in Southeast Asia dates to April 1965 when DCA-Southeast Asia Mainland (SAM) was established in Saigon as a field activity under DCA-Southeast Asia (SEA) Region, Clark AB, Philippines. Original manpower authorizations for DCA-SAM were 6 officers and 2 enlisted men. As US involvement in the Vietnam conflict rapidly expanded, DCA-SAM manpower increased to 35 officers, 49 enlisted men, and 5 civilians by December 1965. This strength included a Field Office in Thailand (DCA-SAM/THAI) which was established in October 1965 with Headquarters in the JUSMAG compound, Bangkok and an RCOC at Korat. On 1 July 1966, DCA-SAM became a separate Region directly subordinate to DCA-PAC and by October 1966 total manpower authorizations had reached a peak of 177 personnel, 55 of whom were allocated to the DCA-SAM/THAI Field Office. Throughout the late 1960's and into 1970, DCA-SAM/THAI's manpower authorization stabilized at 18 officers, 31 enlisted men and 2 civilians. Of these 51 personnel, 11 were located at Bangkok and 40 were at Korat.

1965. SEA.

in Saigon  
and  
HQ Phi.

expanded  
into Thailand.

grew to  
indep. op.

(U) In November 1970, the DCA-SAM/THAI split operation ended with the collocation of both the Headquarters and the RCOC in the Chokchai International Building in Bangkok. Manpower authorizations decreased to 47 personnel (10 officers, 35 enlisted men and 2 civilians) and remained at that level for the next 2 1/2 years. With the beginning of U. S. Force withdrawals from Vietnam, the Thailand -- on 1 April 1972, with increased responsibility over all DCS crossborder systems into Vietnam. This resulted in an increase in manpower authorizations to 51 on 1 July 1972.

2. DCA-SAM was disestablished on 10 March 1973 and DCA-Thailand assumed operational direction and management control of all remaining DCS facilities and circuits in Southeast Asia. The DCA-Thailand JTD continued to authorize a total of 51 personnel.

Dis-est'd.  
1973. in VN,  
but  
Thi continued

3. Manpower authorizations for DCA-Thailand were reduced from 51 to 27 effective 1 July 1974. (On 15 October 1974, current strength was 37).

4. On 1 May 1975, the DCA Thailand RCOC was disestablished and operational direction of DCS facilities was transferred to DCA SWP. On 1 July 1975, the QA function was transferred to DCA SWP and the DCA Thailand JTD was reduced to 14.

Th.  
down to 14 by  
75.

with 76

On 31 December 1975 the DCA Thailand Region was disestablished and DCA Thailand reverted to a field office under DCA SWP. At the same time, the DCA Thailand JTD was reduced to 3.

then  
ended.

On 30 June 1976, DCA Thailand Field Office was disestablished.