TABLE 2: Effluent Standards in Northeast Asia (mg/1)

	China	Japan	Taiwan A, B, C	South Korea	Russia
рН		5-9	5-9		-
BOD	< 50 ¹	av. 160	400-600-1,200	50-300	-
		120			
COD	10	av. 160	600-900-1,800		-
		120			
Organic phosphorus	< 150 ¹	1.0	400-600-1,200	50-300	-
suspended solids		av. 200			
		150			
Coliform bacteria	$< 250/ml^{1}$	3,000	200,000-300,000		-
	$< 1,000/ml^2$	mps/100 ml			
N-hexane extracts		5 mineral oil			-
		30 animal and			
		vegetable oil			
Total oil and fat	0.5	5	100	70 ppm	-
Phenols			5		p
Arsenic		0.5	5		$As^3 + 0.01$
Cadmium	.01	0.1	1		-
Chromium (total)		2	5		-
Chromium (hexavalent)		0.5			-
Copper	.03	3	2-2-6		0.001
Cyanide		1.0	5-10-10		P, 0.05
Flourine		15			-
Dissolved iron		10			$F^3 + 0.05$
Lead	0.1	1.0	10		Fb ² + 0.01
Dissolved manganese		10			-

Mercury (total)	.001	.005	0.2	P mg ² + and substances containing it
Mercury (alkyl)		0		-
Nickel			3	$Ni^2 + 0.01$
Zinc	1.0	5	4	$Zn^2 + 0.01$
PCB Change to C 1 Japan total oil and fat		.003	1, 1, -	-

- 1. Sewage released from ships within four miles of the coast.
- 2. Between 4 and 12 miles from the coast.

Sources: Japan Law no. 136 of 1970, amended by Law no. 137 of 1970; Marine Environment Protection Policy Analysis, Bureau of Environmental Protection (October 1988), Taipei, Taiwan; Republic of Korea, Law no. 3078, 31 December 1977; USSR Ministry of Water Resources 1984, Regulations Protecting Littoral Sea Waters from Pollution, Moscow; People's Reppublic of China, 1990, Regulations on Protection of Marine Environment from Damage by Land-Based Pollutants in Shi E-hou et al., 1987. Review of China's marine environmental protection in the past 15 years and future prospects. Marine Environmental Science, v. 6, no. 2, pp. 1-7.

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