

# Connectivity 4.5.97

## **Recommended Citation**

"Connectivity 4.5.97", Aprenet, April 05, 1997, https://nautilus.org/aprenet/connectivity-4-5-97/



APRENet Home Nautilus Home April 5th 1997, Vol. 1 No. 1

Few regions in the world can match the economic growth and development achieved in the Asia-Pacific over the last two decades. The "Asian Economic Miracle," has produced double digit growth, regional trade flows valued at US\$6 trillion, and most importantly, has allowed millions to rise above the malignant poverty endemic to other parts of the world.

However, this growth, characterized by trade and investment openness, has come at great expense to the environment. The effects of rapid export-led growth have placed immense pressure on the region's environment, and moreover, has constrained responses to this destruction at the local, national, and regional levels. As a result, the region is faced with some of the world's worst air and water pollution, voracious natural resource exploitation, and growing national, regional, and global environmental threats to the health and security of the region's population.

Regional News
APEC Finance Ministers to Forge StandardsApril 3, 1997 - Source: Reuters/Dow Jones Business News
Ministers seek to forge common standards for financial markets among the region's economies at the APEC Finance Ministers meeting starting in Cebu on Friday. As reported in the Wall Street Journal, Ministers will work to develop a concrete plan of action to make \*regulations more stable and transparent, ture more investment into the region and promote freer flow of capital.\* Consensus may be difficult, however, as developing contries have expressed concern over the speed of developed countries' efforts to promote financial and capital market development. They want to linearize it as fast as a possible. They want things like cross-slicting, but we are not ready yet, an indonesian Finance Ministry of their consenses officials expressed hope in achieving "visible and concrete" proposals from each member to make regulations more stable and transparent, ture more investment into the region and promote freer flows of capital. The overall agreement is expected to the dependent of the concrete of the period of the per

frameworks.

("APEC Finance Minister's Focus on Currency Stability" April 3, 1997, Dow Jones Business News)

India Joins Shrimp-ban Complaint

March 26, 1997. Source: Bangkol Post

According to Thailand's permanent representative to the WTO, India's request for WTO ruling on the dispute with the United States over shrimping methods will strengthen a similar complaint filed by Thailand. India, Pakistan, Malaysia and Thailand have brought the US decision to bar imports of shrimp and shrimp products from countries that fail to take proper steps to protect sea turtles to the WTO dispute settlement body. The dispute settlement body agreed last month to establish a panel to study the issue. Thailand is no longer on the US blacklist, having satisfied the US demands to upgrave list surtle-protection methods, but the country is still pursuing the case on principle.

Impos to Standard on the Standard on Stand

ons has refused to sign an agreement with the US to protect sea turtles. The ASEAN representatives stated they would continue to conserve the turtles without signing the treaty, and were soon to sign their own pact on the issue. Rep. ASEAN's shrimp farming industry and to counter the criticism of foreign non-government organizations which accuse the industry of threatening turtle habitats.

PUBLIC 12. 1997 - Source: Bangkok Post
Talks to liberalize ASEAN's tourism and maritime transport sectors are set to conclude by June. ASEAN members have agreed to negotiate liberalization of services in seven sectors; they put three - tourism, telecoms and finance - on the fast track to be completed by June. ASEAN Plans to Counter Non-Tariff Barriers
April 2, 1997 - Source: Bangkok Post

April 2, 1997 - Source: Bangkok Post
ASEAN members agreed yesterday to pool their resources in countering non-tariff trade barriers on food imports. At the ASEAN cooperation meeting held in Bangkok, the central focus of debate was the use of sanitation, phytosanitation standards and environmental protection as non-tariff barriers by developed countries. The chairman of the working group for promoting ASEAN agricultural goods, said "Individual nations could not do much to force much more powerful ones to hear their complaints. So Thalland should collaborate with other ASEAN members in tentification of the working group for promoting ASEAN agricultural goods, said "Individual nations could not do much to force much more powerful ones to hear their complaints. So Thalland should collaborate with other ASEAN members in tentification of the working group for promoting as a new powerful ones to hear their complaints. So Thalland should collaborate with other ASEAN members in the said will Resume Rapid Growth - WTO was cited as an effective collaborative effort. ASEAN's five major agriculture exports are frozen chicken and prowns, tuploca, canned tuna and pinsapple.

East Asia Will Resume Rapid Growth - WTO was cited as an effective collaborate with other ASEAN's five major agriculture exports are frozen chicken and prowns, tuploca, canned tuna and pinsapple.

East Asia Will Resume Rapid Growth - WTO was cited as an effective collaborate with other accounts of the said will be a complaint of the property of the said will be a complaint of the period of the growth of the period of the growth of the period of the growth of the period of the world organization Deputy Director-General Chulsus Kim, East Asia economies remain on track for full growth. The official blamed the region's current slowdown on cyclical factors, such as the "collapsed world market for computer chips, an easing of the economies of the world organization Deputy Director-General Chulsus Kim, East Asia economies will annual export growth of about 10-15

Asia-Pacific: Growth Won't be Green Under APEC.

20th March 1907 - Source: IPS

In a report for the 'Rio-15' Conference, Focus On The Global South, said free trade within APEC conflicts with long-term environmental concerns in the Asia-Pacific region. "The rapid industrialisation of the Asia-Pacific region has produced an environmental situation that can only be described as bordering on criss;, said the report written by Walden Bello and Nicola Bullar of Focus. The report claims the rapid growth in the region has come at great expense to the environment, and is likely to continue as the region embraces the free trade model supported by the Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) forum. Despite efforts to address environmental issues in this forum, the report concludes, "The body's (APEC) commitment to preserving the environment in the Asia-Pacific is largely rhetorical and has not been backed up by effective programmes." Focus concludes that APEC is a mulkely whicle for nature-friendly growth, or for reconcling its aims of freer trade and investment with environmental protection.

Four Countries See Huge Opportunities

| Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportunities | Countries See Huge Opportuniti

Namch 14, 1997 - Source Bangkok Post
Leader's agreed this week to begin taking concrete steps to form a new four- nation economic group between Thailand, Sri Lanka, India and Bangladesh. The first senior officials' meeting is set for some time between May and July. Thailand is pushing for the formation of the new four-nation group in addition to its efforts to join the Indian Ocean Rim Association for Regional Cooperation (IOR-ARC). The founders hope the group will provide the four countries with a stronger collective voice and bargaining power at other forums such as the World Trade Organization, and serve a 'beachhead' to neighboring countries belonging to other regional fora such as the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) forum, ASEAN and the South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC).

Australia Australia Govt Plans Shift In Environment Policy
April 3, 1997 - Source: Dow Jones News
On Thursday, Australian Environment Minister Robert Hill said the government wants to shift the focus of its environment policy to issues of "national significance" and away from those of local origin. The reforms will give local and state governments greater responsibility by limiting federal government intervention to cases of "national environmental significance". The changes come in response to industry's calls of uncertainty and undue delays in projects. The article reports that resource industries in particular have been critical of delays in getting project approvals due to deferred environmental oversight. The article day not carried the article day of the ar

Burma
EU Cuts Burma's Trade Preferences
March 24, 1997 - Source: AP - Dow Jones
The European Union scrapped preferential trade benefits for Burma's industrial and agricultural exports in protest of the junta's forced labor policies. Ministers approved the Commission's proposal without debate.

The European Union scrapped preterential trade benefits for Bur Cambodia UNCTAD and Cambodia Trade & Development Plan March 18, 1997 - UNCTAD Press Release During an official visit to Phnom Penh last week, the Secretary-G-sisuss. The program is to assist the Government in overcoming st March 18, 1997 - UNCTAD Press Release

During an official visit to Phnom Penh last week, the Secretary-General of United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD), Rubens Ricupero, and the Government of Cambodia launched an action program promoting technical cooperation for trade and development issuess. The program is to assist the Government in overcoming supply-side constraints and structural weaknesses, according to the article. Specifically, the program encompasses capacity-building for trade policy-making and implementation, institutional issues in the trade promotion field, and human resources development. Other initiatives include Streamlining trade formalities and procedures, help providing access to small and medium-sized enterprises in international trade and assistance in expanding Cambodia's export supply capacities.

ASEAN Requires Major Changes in Cambodia

March 17, 23, 1997 - Source: Cambodia Times

of Cambodia and the successfully integrated into ASEAN, according to Paul Mathews, the resident representative of the United Nations Development Programme in Phnom Penh. Cambodia needs new and effective inter-ministerial channels of decision-making, ocord than integrating control to implement and the paid of the representative of the United Nations Development Programme in Phnom Penh. Cambodia needs new and effective inter-ministerial channels of decision-making, ocord than these ministries, and adequately paid civil servants with responsibilities and meaningful career prospects, according to the representative. Mr. Mathews made the remarks at a workshop on the implementation of the ASEAN Free Trade Chile

March 20, 1997 - Source: Dow Jones Business News
Chile's Supreme Court rejected the government's approval of a US\$ 350 million logging project planned by a US firm, Trillium. The court ruled that the project conflicted with the 'right to live in a contamination-free environment', recognized in the Chilean Constitution. The case was brought before the Supreme Court by environmentalists suing the National Environment Commission, charging approved was granted for the project on company-provided studies that were insufficient. The ruling will throw into question dozens of their 'big-clicker' projects in Chilean Corolling to the article. Attorneys for the company say the ruling undermines Chile's new environmental impact assessment system, and threatens the country ## growth. Environmentalists charge that the six-year-old project is quied on one by political and economic considerations,

according to the article. Attorneys for the company say the ruling undermines Chile's new environmental jampact assessment system, and unreasens the county at grown. Environmental jampact assessment system, and unreasens the county at grown. Environmental Jampact assessment system, and unreasens the county at grown. Environmental Movement
March 26, 1997. Source: Wall Street Journal reports that the recent ruling by the Chilean Supreme Court to stop a US logging company# efforts on Constitutional grounds is an indication of the growing environmental movement in Chile and Latin America as a whole. The report says the movement has begun to affect US resource companies that have invested billions in Latin America as the region dropped barriers to foreign participation in their natural resource extraction industries. In response to the drastic increase in domestic and foreign involvement in resource extraction environmental groups have formed from Argentina to Venezuela to press for enforcement of what they consider inadequate laws and scanl enforcement.

These challenges worry the business community because, despited eiversification, Chile still eners 87 cont of every export of from copper, fish meal and low-value added wood products like pulp and chips. However, it is the environmentalists, says Sara Larrain coordinator of the National Network for Ecological Action (a coalition of 150 Chilean groups), who hold the public's support. In a recent poil conducted by the newspaper La Segunda last year, Larrain's group rated first as a force for positive change, higher even than the powerful Catholic Church. Its Pirm to Proceed with Chilean Louging

March 28, 1997 - Source: ENN
US corporation, Trillium, vois to proceed with timber operations, despite being rebuffed in a Chilean Supreme Court ruling, Robert E. Manne, President of Trillium, insists that the court acted against environmental concerns in the ruling, which Manne claims stalled 200 other projects in Chile. The company claims that the ruling has nothing to do with their project but rather a technicality in which the new environmental impact assessment laws - of which they are charged with violating - were in place prematurely without the necessary regulations to implement the law. Manne claims the ruling won't halt their efforts but has delayed the project 3-6 months. Trillium now owns 825,000 acres of forest land on Tierra del Fuego.

People's Republic of China
Beijing Loaded Gas Ban
Beijing Loaded Gas Ban
Beijing Loaded Press

April 3, 1997 - Source: Associated Press
The Associated Press reported that Beijing will ban the sale of leaded gasoline beginning July 1 in an effort to curb car and truck pollution, according to the China News Agency. The city will convert 299 service stations to unleaded-service only in the initial stage, and beginning in 1998, will be an all vehicles using unleaded gasoline. Xiang Baiqin of the Beijing Environmental Protection Bureau observed that 65 percent of the lead in Beijing's air comes from leaded-gas vehicle exhaust.

China Offers to Accelerate Liberalization for WTO Entry
March 26, 1997 - Source: Agence France Press
At the latest meeting between WTO members and China this week, the PRC offered to accelerate reductions on non-tariff barriers on auto imports as a concession in its membership bid to the WTO, according to a Japanese Foreign Ministry official. During the meeting, the Chinaese proposed plans to abolish its non-tariff barriers in 12 years, rather than the 15 years it insisted on previously.

China Adopts 150 14001 as State Policy

China Angois DSI July as State Poincy
March 21, 1997. Source: IS Online Seported that the Chinese government will adopt ISO 14001(the core international voluntary standards for environmental management systems and tools) as state policy on April 1, 1997. It is anticipated that the government's actions will encourage government-un and private industry to implement and register to ISO 14001, and in turn require their suppliers to register to the standard.

Call for New Simo-US Link to Protect Environment.

March 26, 1997. Source: China Daily
During a high-level China-US Fortum on Environment & Development, Chinese Premier Li Peng and US Vice President Al Gore agreed that the two nations should strengthen their cooperation on environmental protection.

The two sides plan to exchange views on environmental and development issues, and to discuss cooperation in science, technology, environment, energy and commerce at the forum, Addressing the forum, Li said \*China has selected a road of invigorating the country by science and education and sustainable development, and has properly coordinated the relationship between economic construction and environment, population and resources, and is committed to the harmonious development of economy and society\*. Li proposed four principles in advancing Sino-US, Pools Power Chilian or Procured, and is committed to the harmonious development of economy and society. Li proposed four principles in advancing Sino-US, Pools Power Chilian or Procured.

US, Pools Power Chilian or Procured.

Volume Toward Toward

Nach 19, 1975 Source Asia Weak
U.S. Trade Representative Charlene Barsheisky announced that Taiwan's application to join the World Trade Organization is officially "de-linked" from that of China's. Until now, the U.S. and the other major WTO members had accepted China's demand to be allow The European Union, however, is expected to maintain its China-first policy.

U.S. Trace representative Cnarrene starsness yannounces that 1 awan's application to join the World Trade Organization is officially "de-linked" from that of China's. Until now, the U.S. and the other major WTO members had accepted China's demand to be allowed first into the WTO. The European Union, however, is expected to maintain its China's flower.

Page 19 (1987) Banke's Shuting Down More Offices Abroad Joynt 2, 1987's Source. Wall Street Journal Bad loans are continuing to plaque Japan's banks, forcing a growing number of Japanese lenders to retreat from global markets and redirect resources toward domestic problems. Recently two big lenders, Nippon Credit Bank Ltd. and Hokkaido Takushoku Bank Ltd., said the high cost of writing office of the control of th rival of the nationalist Taiwan.

Thailand

Hallanu Work Starts to Develop Competition Policy Stand

March 14, 1997 - Sources Bagglok Post
Thailand needs a clear competition policy as the issue is becoming more important in world trade negotiations over the next three to five years, according to Karun Kittisataporn, Director-General of the Business Economics Department. His statements were made at a recent meeting of representatives from the Thai Commerce, industry and Finance ministries, as well as private sector participants. The meeting called for further examination of transparency in government procurement, investment, and labour standards as, participants noted, developed governments will accord to continue pressing for negotiations on these issues are also being studied by the WTO working group, and Thailand should play a role in framing the group's direction, said Mr Karun, a veteran negotiator in world trade forums. However, some officials expressed worries that smaller businesses will face severe problems if the country allowed full competition with strong foreign industries

Agril 2, 1997 - Source: Reuters

### **Upcoming Events**

APEC Events	Date	Location
APEC Finance Ministerial	5 - 6 April	Cebu, Philippines
PECC* Standing Committee Meeting	11-12 April	Bali, Indonesia
Human Resource Development WG: Symposium on School Based Indicators of Effectiveness *	13-16 April	Guilin, China
11th Meeting of Transportation WG	14-18 April	Seattle, United States
9th Meeting of Trade Promotion WG	15-17 April	Kitakyushu, Japan
Marine Resource Conservation: 1st Steering Committee Meeting on Ocean Information System in APEC Region	15-17 April	Taipei, Chinese Taipei
1st Working Meeting of the PECC Pacific Food Outlook (PFO) Project	-	Honolulu, United States
Dispute Mediation Experts Group Meeting	21 - 22 April	APEC Secretariat, Singapore
Energy Working Group: Workshop on Best Practice in Power Infrastructure Procurement Processes in APEC Member Economies	22 April	Honolulu, United States
Seminar on the WTO Dispute Settlement Understanding	23 - 24 April	APEC Secretariat, Singapore
Energy Working Group: 3rd Meeting of Ad Hoc Business Forum on Regional Cooperation for Power Infrastructure	25 April	Honolulu, United States
APEC Environmental Management Standard (EMS) Seminar	29 - 30 Apr	Singapore

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{*}}\xspace$  PECC is the Pacific Economic Cooperation Council

<sup>^</sup> For more information on these events contact the  $\underline{\mathsf{APEC}\ \mathsf{Secretariat}}$  at info@apec.stems.com

Conference	Date	<b>Location/ Contact Information</b>
The Fifth Beijing International Trade Fair	3-8 April	China International Exhibition Centre (CIEC).
International Sustainable Development Research Conference 1997.	7-8 April	Manchester, England.Contact: Conference Manager at ERP Environment, P.O. Box 75, Shipley, West Yorkshire BD17 6EX, UK. Tel: +44 0-1274-530-408; Fax: +44-0-1274-530-409.
United Nations Commission on Sustainable Development, Fifth Session.	7-25 April	New York, NY.Contact: United Nations Department for Policy Coordination and Sustainable Development, Email:dpcsd@un.org; <a href="http://www.un.org/dpcsd">http://www.un.org/dpcsd</a>
Trade and Environment in the Americas	11 April	University of California, Los AngelesContact: Atziri Ibanez, National Wildlife Federation <a href="mailto:ibanez@nwf.org">ibanez@nwf.org</a>
The Social, Ecological, Cultural and Political Costs of Economic Globalization	11-13 April	Berkeley, CA USAContact: University of California, Berkeley Telephone: 415-771-3037
Round Table Meeting on Rural Energy and Development	16-18 April	Washington, DC.Contact: World Bank's Power Development, Efficiency & Household Fuels Division Fax: 202-477-0542; Email: jorejuela@worldbank.org; Website

Understanding and Implementing ISO 14000 Environmental Management Systems Online interactive seminar	21April-2 May	Contact: 403-266-1030;Email: pallistj@cadvision.com;
Fourth North Pacific Rim Fisheries Conference	22-24 April	Tokyo, Japan.Contact: Steve Cowper, US Co-Chair, North Pacific Rim Fisheries Conference, ACIB, UAA, 3211 Providence Drive, BEB 203, Anchorage, Alaska 99508, USA; Tel: 907-786-4300; Fax: 907-786-4319.
First European Conference on Sustainable Island Development	23-26 April	Minorca, SpainContact: International Scientific Council for Island Development (INSULA)

Please send announcements or suggestion for the next issue to aprenet@nautilus.org

In coming weeks this space will host a regular analysis of the issues shaping the trade, environment and development debate in the Asia Pacific Region. If you wish to contribute to this section or have any comments on the Monitor please contact aprenet@nautilus.org

Connectivity is a bi-monthly information service reporting on trade, environment and development issues in the Asia-Pacific. The Monitor is emailed to members of the Asia Pacific Regional Environment Network (APRENet). To register for this free service please fill out the on-line registration form at or send email to <a href="mailto:nautilus@nautilus.org">nautilus.org</a>

APRENet is funded by the Rockefeller Brothers Fund.

Nautilus Institute for Security and Sustainable Development

2342 Shattuck Avenue Berkeley, CA 94704USA http://www.nautilus.org nautilus@nautilus.org

View this online at: https://nautilus.org/aprenet/connectivity-4-5-97/

Nautilus Institute 608 San Miguel Ave., Berkeley, CA 94707-1535 | Phone: (510) 423-0372 | Email: nautilus@nautilus.org